The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1866. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,364.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
*One square	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
Two squares	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column	30 00	45 00	80 00

*One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressd to

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a good Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Lots, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.

April 6, 1866—1y

J. MED. SHARPE. | E. F. KERR.

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties. Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '65.

J. R. DURBORROW. | JOHN LUTZ.

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public.

Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.

Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House.

Jan. 22, 1864.

F. M. KIMMELL. | J. W. LINGENFELTER.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate.

May 13, 1864.

S. F. MEYERS. | J. W. DICKERSON.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office same as formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'66.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office nearly opposite the Post Office. [apr.20,'66.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

P. H. PENNSYL, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., late surgeon 56th P. V. V.,) tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Dec. 22, '65-1y*

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.

Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.

Bedford, February 12, 1864.

S. HICKOK. | J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted. Tooth Powders and mouth Washes, excellent articles, always on hand.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

DR. GEO. C. DOUGLAS, Respectfully tenders his professional services to the people of Bedford and vicinity.

Residence at Maj. Washabaugh's.

aug.24,'66.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, | J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL, *Bankers and*

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

G. W. RUPP.....O. E. SHANNON.....F. BENEDICT

RUPP, SHANNON & CO., BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Oct. 20, 1865.

Miscellaneous.

DANIEL BORDER,

PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Reading Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.

Oct. 20, 1865.

D. R. ANDERSON,

Licensed Scrivener and Conveyancer,

CENTREVILLE, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.,

will attend to the writing of Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Articles of Agreement, and all business easily transacted by a Scrivener and Conveyancer. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

April 6, '66-tf.

Hardware, &c.

GEO. BLYMYER. | JOHN F. BLYMYER.

GEORGE BLYMYER & SON having formed a partnership, on the 6th of March, 1866, in the

HARDWARE & HOUSE FURNISHING BUSINESS,

respectfully invite the public to their new rooms, three doors west of the old stand, where they will find an immense stock of the most splendid goods ever brought to Bedford county. These goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Persons desirous of purchasing BUILDING HARDWARE will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

WHITE LEAD.—We have on hand a large quantity of White Lead, which we have been fortunate to buy a little lower than the market rates. The particular brands to which we would invite attention, are the

Pure Buck Lead,
Liberty White Lead,
Snow Franklin White Lead,
Washington White Lead,
Washington Zinc White Lead,
New York White Lead.

ALSO:—*French Porcelain Finish;*
Demar Varnish;
Varnishes of all kinds.
Flaxseed Oil, (pure.)
Turpentine and Alcohol.

All kinds of IRON and NAILS.

No. 1 CHRYSTAL ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

LAMPS in profusion.

We would invite persons wanting Saddlery Hardware, to give us a call, as we have everything in the Saddlery line, such as Buckles, Rings, Hames and Webbing Leather of all kinds; also a variety of Shoe Findings, consisting of French Calf Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Pegs, etc.

Housekeepers will find at Blymyer & Son's store a great variety of household goods. Knives and Fork of the very best quality; Plated Table and Tea Spoons at all prices.

Give us a call and we can supply you with Barn Door Rollers, the latest improvements; Nova Scotia Grindstones, better than any in use; Shovels, Forks and Spades.

Grain and Grass Scythes and Snathes; Fishing Tackle; Brushes of all kinds; Demi-Johns; Patent Wheel Grease, Tar and Whale Oil, and an infinite variety of articles.

$20,000 WANTED—Would like to get it if our friends would let us have it. Less will do; but persons having unsettled accounts will close them up to the first of March, to enable us to close our old books. This should be done.

may4,'66. GEO. BLYMYER & SON.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

J. L. LEWIS having purchased the Drug Store, lately owned by Mr. H. C. Reamer takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just returned from the cities with a well selected stock of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
DYE-STUFFS,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY,
COAL OIL, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS,
SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO,
FRENCH CONFECTIONS, &c., &c

The stock of Drugs and Medicines consist of the purest quality, and selected with great care.

General assortment of popular Patent Medicines.

The attention of the Ladies is particular y invited to the stock of PERFUMERY, TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of the best perfumes of the day. Colognes, Soaps, Preparations for the Hair, Complexion and Teeth; Camphor ice for chapped hands; Teeth and Hair Brushes, Port Monaies, &c.

Of Stationery, there is a fine assortment:

Billet, Note, Letter, Leaf and Mourning Paper, Envelops, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Blank Deeds, Power of Attorneys, Drafting Paper, Marriage Certificates, &c., &c. Also, a large quantity of Books, which will be sold very cheap.

Coal Oil Lamp Hinge Burner, can be lighted without removing the chimney—all patterns and prices. Glass Lanterns, very neat, for burning Coal Oil. Lamp chimneys of an improved pattern. Lamp Shades of beautiful patterns.

Howe's Family Dye Colors, the shades being light Fawn, Drab, Snuff and Dark Brown, Light and Dark Blue, Light and Dark Green, Yellow, Pink, Orange, Royal Purple, Scarlet, Maroon, Magenta, Cherry and Black

Humphrey's Homeopathic Remedies.

Cigars of best brands, smokers can rely on a good cigar.

Rose Smoking Tobacco,
Michigan and Solace Fine Cut,
Natural Leaf, Twist and Big Plug,
Finest and purest French Confections,
PURE DOMESTIC WINES,
Consisting of Grape, Blackberry and Elderberry
FOR MEDICINAL USE.

☞ The attention of physicians is invited to the stock of *Drugs and Medicines*, which they can purchase at reasonable prices.

Country Merchants' orders promptly filled. Goods put up with neatness and care, and at reasonable prices.

J. L. LEWIS designs keeping a first class Drug Store, and having on hand at all times a general assortment of goods. Being a Druggist of several years experience, physicians can rely on having their prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. [Feb 9, '66—tf

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of

apr.13,'66.-tf. C. N. HICKOK.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.—The undersigned has the blanks now ready and will attend promptly to the collection of all claims under the law lately passed for the Equalization of Bounties.

aug.17-tf. J. W. DICKERSON.

LAST NOTICE.—My old books must be squared by cash or note immediately. Those persons who may fail to settle their accounts, on or before August 15th, 1866, must blame *themselves*, if they have costs to pay, as I have been very indulgent, and now need money.

jul.13—tf. WM. HARTLEY.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.—All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the premises of the undesigned, for the purpose of fishing, hunting gathering nuts, berries, &c., as the law will be strictly enforced against all thus offending.

B. R. ASHCOM,
MICH. LUTZ,
WM GRI-SINGER,
ADAM SCHAFFER.

jul.21-3m.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres of excellent limestone land, about 15 acres well timbered, the remainder under cultivation, lying a few miles north of Bedford, for sale on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to MEYERS & DICKERSON.

may18.-3ms. Bedford, Pa.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to us for advertising Administrators', Executors', Auditors' Notices, Orphans' Court sales and other sales of Real Estate, and for printing bills, &c., &c., will please call and settle for the same, as all such advertising and printing should be CASH MEYERS & MENGEL.

Feb 16, '65-tf.

TANNERS, ATTENTION!—A new Tannery, in good order, containing one pool, three limes, three baits, five leaches, thirty-four lay-a-way vats, with the necessary number of handlers, in as good a location as can be found in Bedford county, for rent. For further information call at this office. Nov. 17, '65-tf

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO S.

HARTLEY & METZGER Keep constantly on hand a large Stock of general HARDWARE. They have just received 50 DOZEN BEST & CHEAPEST FRUIT JARS ever offered to the public. They keep all kinds of Farm Machinery, including Mowers and Reapers, Cider Mills, Fodder Cutters and Willoughby's Gum Spring Roller Grain Drills, the best in the world.

jul.13,'66.

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA., Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞ Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited.

Oct 20, 1865.

SELF-SEALING FRUIT CANS AT B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES AT B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

The Bedford Gazette.

For the Gazette.

EIN LIED BETREFFEND GEARY.

Von Unser Eigen Dichter.

In guenen wald, in Cumberland,
Swilly willy winkum boom!
Da sprecht der Geary, 's ist ein' schand'!
Swilly willy winkum boom!
Der edel soldat lobt er nicht,
Swilly willy winkum liege so!
Sondern er speiet ihm in 's gesicht!
Swilly willy winkum boom!
O! Geary, O!—O! Geary O!
Swilly willy winkum liege so!
O! Geary, O!—O! Geary O!
Swilly willy winkum boom!

Er denkt sich selbst ein grosser mann,
Swilly willy, &c.
Er mein't das er regieren kann,
Swilly willy, &c.
Er glaub't das volk ist schwarz im herz
Swilly willy, &c
Und schluck't der neger ohne schmerz!
Swilly willy winkum boom!

Er weist nicht wie das volk ihn hass't,
Sonst gebet er sein' zunge rass't;
Er denkt die neger sind so gut
Als einiger mann von weisses blut.

Wir kennen wohl von wo er stammt;
Ein mahl hatt er uns all' verdammt;
Unheilig in Nichts-wisser-schaft
Uns auslander hatt er verkauft.

Wir wissen auch von Snickersville,
Von wo er flichet bis Maryland ziel;
Und auch wie bei Chepultepec,
Er liegt sich schandlich in der dreck.

Und was ist besser, wissen wir,
Die Deutsche, bei ihren lager bier
Schweren dass sie ihn dresche wohl
Und dass der Clymer regieren soll'.

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S POLITICAL VIEWS.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has written the following letter in reply to the request from a special committee that he would officiate as chaplain of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 17th inst:

PEEKSKILL, Aug. 30, 1866.

Charles G. Halpine, Brevet Brigadier General; H. W. Slocum, Major General; Gordon Granger, Maj. General, Committee:

Gentlemen—I am obliged to you for the invitation which you have made to me to act as chaplain to the Convention of Soldiers and Sailors about to convene at Cleveland. I cannot attend it, but I heartily wish it and all other conventions, of what party soever, success, whose object is the restoration of all the States late in rebellion to their Federal relations.

Our theory of Government has no place for a State except in the Union. It is justly taken for granted that the duties and responsibilities of a State in Federal relations tend to its political health, and to that of the whole nation. Even Territories are hastily brought in, often before the prescribed conditions are fulfilled, as if it were dangerous to leave a community outside of the great body politic.

Had the loyal Senators and Representatives of Tennessee been admitted at once on the assembling of Congress, and, in moderate succession, Arkansas, Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina and Virginia, the public mind of the South would have been far more healthy than it is, and those States which lingered on probation to the last would have been under a more salutary influence to good conduct than if a dozen armies watched over them.

Every month that we delay this healthful step complicates the case. The excluded population, enough unsettled before, grow more irritable; the army becomes indispensable to local government, and supersedes it; the Government at Washington is called to interfere in one and another difficulty, and this will be done inaptly, and sometimes with great injustice—for our Government, wisely adapted to its own proper functions, is utterly devoid of those habits, and unequipped with the instruments which fit a centralized government to exercise authority in remote States over local affairs. Every attempt to perform such duties has resulted in mistakes which have excited the nation. But whatever imprudence there may be in the method, the real criticism should be against the requisition of such duties of the General Government.

The Federal Government is unfit to exercise minor police and local government, and will inevitably blunder when it attempts it. To keep a half score of States under Federal authority, but without national ties and responsibilities; to oblige the central authority to govern half the territory of the Union by Federal civil officers and by the army, is a policy not only uncongenial to our ideas and principles, but pre-eminently dangerous to the spirit of our Government. However humane the ends sought and the motives, it is, in fact, a course of instruction, preparing our Government to be despotic, and familiarizing the people to a stretch of authority which can never be other than dangerous to liberty.

I am aware that good men are withheld from advocating the prompt and successive admission of the exiled States by the fear chiefly of its effect upon parties and upon freedmen.

It is said that if admitted to Congress the Southern Senators and Representatives will coalesce with Northern Democrats and rule the country. Is this nation, then, to remain dismembered to serve the ends of parties? Have we learned no wisdom by the history of the last ten years, in which just this course of sacrificing the nation to the exigencies of parties plunged us into rebellion and war?

Even admit that the power would pass into the hands of a party made up of Southern men, and the hitherto dishonored and misled Democracy of the North, that power could not be used just as they pleased. The war has changed, not alone institutions, but ideas. The whole country has advanced. Public sentiment is exalted far beyond what it has been at any former period. A new party would, like a river, be obliged to seek its channels in the already existing slopes and forms of the continent.

We have entered a new era of liberty. The style of thought is freer and more noble. The young men of our times are regenerated. The great army has been a school, and hundreds of thousands of men are gone home to preach a truer and nobler view of human rights. All the industrial interests of society are moving with increased wisdom toward intelligence and liberty. Everywhere, in churches, in literature, in natural sciences, in physical industries, in social questions, as well as in politics, the nation feels that the winter is over, and a new spring hangs in the horizon and works through all the elements. In this happily changed and advanced condition of things, no party on the retrograde can maintain itself. Everything marches and parties must march.

I hear with wonder and shame and scorn the fear of a few that the South once more in adjustment with the Federal Government will rule this nation! The North is rich—never before so rich; the South is poor—never before so poor. The population of the North is nearly double that of the South. The industry of the North, in diversity, in forwardness and productiveness, in all the machinery and education required for manufacturing, is half a century in advance of the South. Churches in the North crown every hill, and schools swarm every neighborhood; while the South has but scattered lights, at long distances, like lighthouses twinkling along the edge of a continent of darkness. In the presence of such a contrast, how mean and craven is the fear that the South will rule the policy of the land! That it will have an influence, that it will contribute, in time, most important influences or restraints, we are glad to believe. But if it rises at once to the control of the Government, it will be because the North, demoralized by prosperity, and besotted by grovelling interests, refuses to discharge its share of political duty. In such a case the South not only will control the Government, but it ought to do it.

It is feared, with more reason, that the restoration of the South to her full independence will be detrimental to the freedmen. The sooner we dismiss from our minds the idea that the freedmen can be classified and separated from the white population, and nursed and defended by themselves, the better it will be for them and us. The negro is part and parcel of Southern society. He cannot be prosperous while it is unprospered. Its evils will rebound upon him. Its happiness and reinvigoration cannot be kept from his participation. The restoration of the South to amicable relations with the North, the reorganization of its industry, the reinspiration of its enterprise and thrift will all redound to the freedmen's benefit. Nothing is so dangerous to the freedmen as an unsettled state of society in the South. On him comes all the spite and anger and caprice and revenge. He will be made the scapegoat of lawless and heartless men. Unless we turn the Government into a vast military machine there cannot be armies enough to protect the freedmen while Southern society remains insurrectionary. If Southern society is calmed, settled, and occupied, and soothed, with new hopes and prosperous industries, no armies will be needed. Riots will subside, lawless hangers on will be driven off or better governed, and a way will be gradually opened up to the freedmen, through education and industry, to full citizenship, with all its honors and duties.

Civilization is a growth. None can escape that forty years in the wilderness who travel from the Egypt of ignorance to the promised land of civilization. The freedmen must take their march. I have full faith in the results. If they have the stamina to undergo the hardships which every uncivilized people has undergone in their upward progress, they will, in due time, take their place among us. That place cannot be bought, nor bequeathed, nor gained by slight of hand. It will come to sobriety, virtue, industry and frugality. As the nation cannot be sound until the South is prosperous, so, on the other extreme, a healthy condition of civil society in the South is indispensable to the welfare of the freedman.

Refusing to admit loyal Senators and Representatives from the South to Congress will not help the freedmen.—It will not secure for them the vote.—It will not protect them. It will not secure any amendment of our Constitution, however just and wise. It will only increase the dangers and complicate the difficulties. Whether we regard the whole nation, or any section of it or class in it, the first demand of our time is, entire reunion.

Once united, we can, by schools, churches, a free press and increasing free speech, attack each evil and secure every good.

Meanwhile, the great chasm which rebellion made is not filled up. It grows deeper and stretches wider! Out of it rise dread spectres and threatening sounds. Let that gulf be closed, and bury in it slavery, sectional animosity and all strifes and hatreds!

It is fit that the brave men, who, on sea and land, faced death to save the nation, should now, by their voice and vote, consummate what their swords rendered possible.

For the sake of the freedmen, for the sake of the South and its millions of our fellow-countrymen, for our own sake, and for the great cause of freedom and civilization, I urge the immediate reunion of all the parts which rebellion and war have shattered. I am, truly yours,

HENRY WARD BEECHER.

OUR PUBLIC DEBT.

The New York *Tribune* has a fling at a "cart load of rich men" in New York, who lately came out from the Radicals, and took active part in the Philadelphia Convention and in the reception of the President in New York. Now, we do not suppose that A. T. LEWIS, MOSES TAYLOR, MARSHALL O. ROBERTS, the VANDERBILTS, and the rest composing the "cart load" need any defence from any one, or that they will make any apology to the *Tribune* for their conduct. But people *will* inquire, why did they take the course they have taken!

The answer is easy, and should be well pondered by other men, rich and not rich, who hold the bonds of the United States Government, and their answer is:

1. This "cart load of rich men" are large holders of the securities of the United States.

2. They live and move at a centre where they see and know all the effects, accomplished and probable, of the policy of the Radicals upon those securities.

3. They are justly alarmed at the proposal to keep the Union divided for three years or indefinitely, for if the Radicals succeed in this the interest cannot be paid, and anarchy may possibly ensue, in which case our bonds would be worthless.

Now these rich men may be very poor politicians, but they are very good financiers—and those who own the bonds, or desire to maintain the public credit right, do well to take the advice of STEWART, and TAYLOR, and ROBERTS.—*Pittsburg Post.*

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE.

We give above a portrait of Ex-President Pierce. We do this to revive the recollection of old times, when the Union was not dissolved, when the country was not three thousand millions of dollars in debt, and to remind the Democracy that they can, if they will, make another Pierce campaign of it in 1868. Besides Gen. Pierce is to-day one of the truest and bravest of the defenders of the Constitution and the Union in all New England. Let his honest face inspire us all with renewed courage in our struggle for the Right.

Brownlow Proposes Robbery, Arson and Murder, and the Radicals Applaud Him.

It has hitherto been supposed that Gen. Early, who ordered the burning of Chambersburg, and General McCausland, who executed the order, had inscribed their names so high on the roll of the world's greatest scoundrels, that for ages to come, and perhaps forever, they would be without a rival to come near them. But should the Radicals succeed in the attempt they are making to bring on another civil war, and should Parson Brownlow be given the command of their forces, which he aspires to, he would write his name so far above the names of Early and McCausland, that no eye save the All-Seeing could pierce the space between them.

This miscreant, who is pretending to represent the loyal sentiment of the South in the Fred. Douglass and Thad. Stevens convention now in session at Philadelphia, proclaimed the following plan of campaign from the steps of the Loyal League building:

I would divide your great army into three grand divisions. Let the first go armed and equipped as the laws of the army require, with small arms and artillery. Let that be the largest division and *let them do the killing*. Let the second division be armed with pine torches and spirits of turpentine, and *let them do the burning*. Let the third and last division be supplied with surveyors' compasses and chains, and we will survey out the land and settle it. We will first sell it out, pay the expenses of the war with the proceeds, and then settle it with men who will honor this glorious banner. [Great applause.]

It is almost incredible that any one wearing the human form would give utterance to such unchristian sentiments; but as the speaker belongs to the school of clerical fanatics who prefer the bayonet and torch to the Bible and prayer-book, it is, perhaps, not to be wondered at. The pity of it is, that in Philadelphia such language should be greeted with "great applause." If, however, that army should ever be organized, the reverend orator who proposes it will not be found in the first or second division. His place will be in the third brigade, by the side of Butler—not at the post of danger, but where the spoils are gathered.

ABOLITION ASSASSINS.

The fury of the Abolition press generally, because of the popular uprising of the people to welcome the President of the United States as he journeys towards the tomb of Douglas at Chicago, is perfectly awful. Forney, alluding to Mr. Seward, speaks of the "mistaken stabs" of the assassin Payne. Hear what the vile inciter to assassination says:

"Mr. Seward, bearing the ghastly marks of Payne's mistaken stabs" looked out upon the scene with a glare very much like Mephistophiles, as he is understood by the later students of that cold and relentless fiend."

This monstrous language prompts the *Age* to inquire "what exactly is meant" by "Payne's *mistaken stabs?*" A mistake is an error, a blunder a wrong, is kindred to a fault—is always to be regretted, sometimes to be condemned. It is not Payne's stab that the *Press* condemns and regrets. It is the "mistaken stab," and if we comprehend the force of words there is hinted here a hope that the next blow may be more sure and the next assassin strike like Booth and not make a mistake like Payne.

President Johnson in his response to the multitude, there being a Tailors' Association among them, alluded to "Adam being the first tailor; this Forney perverts in this way, for which the rascal should receive thirty-nine lashes, well laid on:

"Fellow-citizens, let me say that our great Father in Heaven, the Lord of the world, was a tailor by trade. [Laughter and applause.] And when you refer to a historical account of this thing, you find that my remarks are literally true."

The *Gazette* of this city copies Forney's forgery and breaks out in the following manner, obenly suggesting the President's assassination. It says:

"It is a comparatively light thing that this demagogue and ruffian should vilify his fellowmen; but when he undertakes to drag the Almighty down to a level with such men as himself, it is about time he himself was dragged down."

The malignity of the baffled conspirators is utterly reckless. The leading rascals commit forgery by repeating lines the President never uttered, and then the rabble are appealed to "pull him down" for uttering them. If such mad fanatics had their way, there would be no more "mistaken stabs" by their hirelings; and yet these same despicable wretches are the same men who but a few months ago declared that opposition to the President was treason to the Government.—*Pittsburg Post.*

SIGNIFICANT.—The man who stood at President Johnson's right hand, when he received the committee from the Philadelphia Convention, on the 18th inst., and made a speech denouncing disunion radicalism—was Gen. Grant. After the speech, the President and Gen. Grant "walked away arm in arm."—The General, it is said, endorses every feature of Johnson's policy, and will preside at a meeting of officers and soldiers in a few days in Washington to pass resolutions to that effect. Is Gen. Grant a traitor, too? Only Geary seems to be "loyal."

GENERAL CUSTER—in a scathing letter to John W. Forney, Secretary of the Senate, makes use of the following pointed language:—

"I will not refer to the seditious and inflammatory epithets you applied to that convention, of which I am proud to have been a member, but will only class them with your insidious and wicked harrangues pronounced in the city of Philadelphia during the sitting of the convention, in which you endeavored to stir the passions of your supposed mob to deeds of violence and blood. Neither will I occupy time in exposing your baseness in characterizing those gallant soldiers of the Union who took part in the convention as being influenced by any but the highest, noblest, and most patriotic impulses which govern the human will. Much less were they, as you insinuate, tinctured with disloyalty. Such unwarranted, unjust, and unprovoked assertions come from you with bad grace when directed against those who, during the entire war, have freely and unselfishly perilled their lives to restore, defend, and perpetuate the principles of a constitutional government which you are laboring to destroy. What have you done or accomplished to justify you in maligning and traducing those whose patriotism has undergone the test of battle and is beyond impeachment?"

It is evident that Custer knows how to use the pen, as well as the sword.

HIESTER CLYMER'S VOTES.—The Radical papers are imposing upon their readers and making the latter appear frequently as falsifiers of facts, by asserting that Mr. Clymer voted against various proper propositions in the Senate. Upon reference to the Senate Journals it will be seen that in every one of these cases the proposition was not before the Senate, and that the question was simply will the Senate proceed to consider the resolution? All the Democrats voted No, in every instance, no matter what was proposed, because they insisted that no subject could be properly considered, and none should be, until a Speaker was elected, according to the established usage. Wherever the vote stood 16 to 16 this was the case. Let every man who desires to be correctly informed be on his guard.

It is mean enough to lie under any circumstances, but to make involuntary liars of all who believe you and repeat your statements, is infernally mean. We saw a respectable Republican the other day caught in the predicament—one who got his information from the Harrisburg *Telegraph*—and who, to make the best vindication of his character he could, stamped the paper under his feet. He had lost a pair of boots by repeating the statement of the *Telegraph*. A paper that is fit to be read will not be guilty of such falsehood.—*Clinton Democrat.*

"YOU should vote as you shot," say the Republicans to the soldiers. "That's just what I intend to do," said one of the gallant Logan Guards the other day. "I shot down southern traitors to preserve the Union, and I intend to vote down northern traitors for the same purpose." This was a pertinent and truthful answer, and no mistake. If President Johnson and those who sustain him are not the true Union party—are not striving to accomplish precisely what the noble Union armies fought for—why is it that three-fourths of the distinguished officers, who commanded those armies, are supporting the President's policy? In fact nearly *all* whose names were conspicuous during the war are doing so. Amongst them are such heroes as Grant, Farragut, Sherman, Sheridan, Dix, Slocum, McCook, Rosecrans, McClernand and Averill. If these patriotic soldiers don't know how to vote consistently with the way they shot, we should like to know who can tell them!—*Lewistown Democrat.*

LET THE PEOPLE CONFIDE IN THE PRESIDENT.—"If any man in the country, to-day, is anxious to satisfy the people, we believe it to be Andrew Johnson. And we believe the President is impelled to the desire from no purpose to play the demagogue, but because he believes in a government of the people and for the people.

"In the trying labors before the President, he will look to the people for his main support. Let the people, therefore, in all parts of the country, look with confidence to the President. Andrew Johnson established his devotion to his country in the fiery ordeal of the rebellion. No man making the same sacrifices for his country which he offered, can be unfaithful now in its support, when on his action depend the future strength and influence of the government he administers."—*Harrisburg Telegraph, Dec. 5th*, 1865.

THE THREATENED DESPOTISM.—Senator Doolittle made a speech at Madison, Wisconsin, on the 1st inst., from which we extract the following telling truths:

But, fellow-citizens, I tell you and I assure you it is as certain, in my judgment, as God lives and reigns, that unless the people in this country sustain Andrew Johnson now in his determined effort to sustain this Union and arrest the mad career of this wild tendency to centralization, your constitutional liberties are engulphed in a vortex from which they will never rise. [Cheers.] That tendency is to despotism, the despotism of a tyrannical caucus—the meanest of all despotisms from the days of the seventy tyrants down. [Cheers.]

GENS. SHERMAN AND LOGAN recently made speeches at a soldiers' meeting in Salem, Ill. Gen. Sherman made no allusion to politics, but Logan indulged in bitter reflections, politically, on the President and his supporters. Gen. Sherman immediately telegraphed to Gen. Grant to say to President Johnson that he did not endorse the speech of Logan, and did not wish to be held responsible for it; he went to Salem to attend a soldiers' meeting, not a political one.—*Juniata Republican.*

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning,.....September 14, 1866.

Democratic and National Union Nominations.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

DISTRICT TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,

J. McD. SHARPE, of Franklin co'y.

FOR SENATOR,

B. F. MEYERS, of Bedford county.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

HIRAM FINDLAY, of Somerset co.

COUNTY TICKET.

PROTHONOTARY,

O. E. SHANNON, of Bedford Bor.

SHERIFF,

ROBT. STECKMAN, of Bloody Run.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

GEORGE W. GUMP, of Napier.

COMMISSIONER,

DAVID HOWSARE, of Southampton

POOR DIRECTOR,

MICHAEL DIEHL, of Colerain.

AUDITOR,

JOHN D. LUCAS, of Bloody Run.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce Col. John H. Filler of Bedford county, as an independent candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the people on the second Tuesday of October next.

The Climber.

A CAMPAIGN PAPER.

The undersigned are publishing a campaign paper entitled "The Climber," the first number of which was issued on the 7th of July inst., and which will be continued until the Gubernatorial election in October.

This publication is devoted to the support of President Johnson's Restoration Policy and the election of such candidates as are openly in favor of sustaining that policy. It contains sixteen columns of matter and is filled with racy editorials and the spiciest articles of the campaign. No conservative politician should be without it.

It will be embellished with PORTRAITS OF PRESIDENT JOHNSON, Hon. HIESTER CLYMER and other eminent patriots and statesmen, and will contain a number of humerous political illustrations.

REDUCED TERMS:

Ten copies to one address, cash in advance, $3.00.
Twenty " " " " " 5.00
Less than ten copies to one address, 40 cts per copy.

Get up your clubs and send in your orders at once. No attention paid to any order unless accompanied by the cash. Persons getting up clubs should be particular to specify in their orders the name of the person to whom they wish the package addressed, as all the papers in the club will be sent to one person for distribution. Address,

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Bedford, Pa.

"EQUALITY FOR WHITE MEN!"

Some people imagine that every body has long ears because they themselves are asses. For instance, the editors of the Bedford *Inquirer* suppose that they can dupe their readers as easily as they decieve themselves. If they did not they would never have printed the article which appeared under the above caption in their last week's issue. *It is entirely, utterly false that the Southern States have greater proportionate representation in Congress than the other States, on account of three-fifths of their Negroes being counted in the apportionment.* THEY HAVE LESS PROPORTIONATE REPRESENTATION FOR THEIR NEGROES THAN PENNSYLVANIA HAS. *But three-fifths* of their colored population are counted in their apportionment of members of Congress. IN PENNSYLVANIA AND ALL THE NORTHERN STATES, ALL THE NEGROES ARE COUNTED IN THE APPORTIONMENT—not three-fifths, but ALL of them. In Pennsylvania we do the voting for one hundred thousand negroes, and if they were thrown out of the count in the apportionment, Pennsylvania *would have but 23 instead of 24 Congressmen.* How unjust, then, to talk about representation for three fifths of the Southern Negroes, when we have representation for all of ours. But if the *Inquirer* wants White Equality as badly as it does Black, let it call upon its party to move in Congress for a Convention of the States, and let all the inequalities in representation be cured Let such "rotten boroughs" as Rhode Island and such small States as Connecticut, Vermont and New Hampshire, instead of having more Senators in the U. S. Senate than the great States of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, be represented in that body in proportion to their population, and then there would be some "equality for white men." But at present the six New England States, with but population sufficient to give them 22 Congressmen, have 12 Senators, whilst Pennsylvania with population enough to give her 24 Congressmen, has but 2 U. S. Senators! Talk about the three fifths rule and equality for white men after that!

WANTED—Some boys to fill the wagons for the next Radical mass meeting.

A POINT ANSWERED.

Among the many points raised by the Radicals for the purpose of confusing the minds of the people in regard to the real issues of this campaign—Disunion and Negro Suffrage—is this, that the Southern States are at present entitled to representation for their negroes. Now, the truth concerning this matter is, that *three fifths only* of the colored population of the South are counted in the apportionment of representatives in Congress. A vulgar notion is also entertained by some people, that, owing to this mode of apportioning members of Congress for the South, one man casts three votes!!!—The *fact* is, that, whilst in the South *three fifths only* of the colored population are counted in the apportionment, in the north *all the colored people are counted.* Thus, instead of this rule operating against the North, it works to her advantage and against the interests of the South. In Pennsylvania, by the counting of the colored population, one Congressman is added to the number given us by the white population. In other Northern States still more Congressmen are produced by counting the negroes. The negro population of the North, too, is rapidly increasing, whilst that of the South is as rapidly decreasing. It is estimated that one half of the number of colored people in the South at the beginning of the war, have perished. The remainder are being fast thinned out by disease and emigration to the North under the auspices of the Freedmen's Bureau. Now, one half of the negroes of the South having perished, under the next apportionment the Southern States will have but half the number of representatives for their negroes they have at present, and the North, having largely increased in colored population, will gain in proportion to such increase. Hence, there is neither sense, nor justice, in the clamor about the South being represented in Congress for three-fifths of her negroes.—The Constitution provides this three-fifth rule, and it also provides that small States like Rhode Island, Vermont and Connecticut, and new and thinly populated States like Kansas, Nevada and Oregon shall have as many U. S. Senators as Pennsylvania, or New York, or Ohio. If one inequality in the Constitution is to be corrected, then let all be corrected. If there is to be no representation for negroes in the South, let there be none in the North. If all are to be equally represented in the Government, then let the New England and the thinly populated States remember their right to elect as many U. S. Senators as the larger and more populous States. Let justice be done though the heavens fall, nay, though the Radical party break into atoms.

Will our brethren of the Democratic Press ventilate this subject?

THE RADICAL REBELS.

The conspirators against the Government held a "National" Convention at Philadelphia, last week. Among the prominent delegates to that Convention were Ex. Gov. Pease and A. J. Hamilton of Texas, F. J. Durant, of Louisiana, D. R. Goodloe, of North Carolina, Judge Bond and J. A. J. Cresswell, of Maryland, all of whom were violent Secessionists and Rebels at the begining of the war. Hamilton and Cresswell both commanded companies of Rebels at one time, and as for the rest, they did more to excite the minds of the Southern people against the people of the North than any of the leading Generals in the Rebel service. Among the delegates to this Convention from the Northern States were the Negro FRED. DOUGLASS and such desperate men as Gov. William Curtis, Theodore Tilton, Ben. Butler, and others. This motley crew are trying to stir up a rebellion against President Johnson. They want place, power and social position, and because they can't get it under Johnson, they are plotting to overturn the government. GEARY was with them, cheek by jowl, in their Convention, in their processions, and wherever they made speeches. Will the people, can they, endorse such proceedings?

WHITE, BLACK AND GEARY!

Fred. Douglass, P. B. Randolph and other negroes were delegates to the "Loyalist" Convention at Philadelphia last week. Gen. Geary was also there and was seated upon the platform with the officers of the Convention. Will the Bedford *Inquirer* inform its readers of this fact?

DISGUSTED.

Numbers of Republicans are disgusted with Geary's recent association with Fred. Douglass and other negroes at the Philadelphia Radical Convention. This and Thad. Stevens' and John Williamson's speeches are enough to break the back of any party, and even the "Republican" party cannot bear up under them.

GRAND MASS MEETING!

THE COURT HOUSE JAMMED!

GREAT SPEECHES BY HON. F. M. KIMMELL AND WM. HARTLEY, ESQ.!

HOW ARE YOU, THADDEUS STEVENS?

The largest meeting ever assembled in the Court House, was held on Wednesday evening, 5th inst. The immense concourse occupied every inch of room inside of the building, whilst numbers could not find entrance. The enthusiastic Democrats turned out in all their strength, whilst numbers of "Republicans" were present to testify their disgust at the doctrines of Thad. Stevens and the blackguardism of John Williamson. The ladies, God bless them! were also out in full force, and the Democratic Brass Band enlivened the occasion with soul-stirring music.

COL. F. D. BEEGLE, of St. Clair tp., was appointed President of the meeting. James Sill, Richard Langdon, Josiah Ritchey, A. Perdew, Samuel Boor, Jeremiah Black, John B. Fluck, Josiah Miller, Samuel Reighard and Jacob Lingenfelter, Esq's, were appointed Vice Presidents; and J. Piper Smith, Wm. Whip and John C. Miller, Esq's, Secretaries. Col. Beegle, on taking the chair, addressed the meeting in a neat and appropriate speech.

HON. F. M. KIMMELL was then introduced to the meeting, by Hon. Job Mann, as the first speaker of the evening. Judge Kimmell made one of the ablest speeches ever listened to in Bedford county. He showed up the Revolutionary character of the faction which now rules in Congress, and exhibited the Negro Suffrage doctrines of the leaders of the Radical party in their true light. His remarks were frequently interrupted with outbursts of applause.

WM. HARTLEY, Esq., was then called out, and in a speech of great clearness and power, discussed the issues before the people. Mr. Hartley made a decided impression upon his hearers, many of whom went away satisfied that their late affiliation with the Radical party was a great error, and resolving that they would in future act with the National Union Democracy.

The meeting then adjourned amid loud cheering for Hiester Clymer and the Democratic ticket.

A WORD OF WARNING.

Our enemies are fighting this campaign with the energy of desperation. Their organization is perfect. Their emissaries are at work in every neighborhood. Their leaders in this town have lists of the voters, with the politics, P. O. address, and such other particulars of each as will aid them to seduce him into their pernicious doctrines. They are flooding the country with political papers and pamphlets, seemingly plausible, but written with the diabolical cunning that has always characterized Abolition Literature, and filled with the basest mis-representation and falsehood. They are also spending money lavishly, and resorting to all the corrupt and infamous agencies used against us last fall, in the hope of reducing our majority still further at the coming election.

Fellow Democrats, forewarned is forearmed. Be vigilant, be active.—The skies are bright. Never before for several years have we had such bright prospects of success. If we are beaten it will be our own fault. Shall we sleep while our enemies work, and be startled from our security, by the crash of defeat as we were last fall?—Rather let our watchword be *work!* WORK! WORK! Talk with your neighbors. Explain the Negro and other issues. Let us do our whole duty, and we shall bury Radical Fanaticism so deep on the 9th day of October, that the trump of Ressurrection will not wake it.

VERMONT, &c.

This State has not been carried by the Democracy within the memory of man. It generally gives about 25,000 "Republican" majority, and as they don't know what a negro is in that State, they vote for negro-philists all the time. But the "Republicans" quarreled among themselves this time and succeeded in electing but two Congressmen. Vermont and Maine, being New England States, we expect nothing from them; but we expect to, nay we *know* that we will, carry the Middle and nearly all of the Western States. The Democrats and Conservatives claim 60,000 majority in New York, 20,000 in Pennsylvania, 25,000 in Maryland, 15,000 in Ohio, 15,000 in Indiana, 15,000 in Illinois, 10,000 in Wisconsin, 8,000 in Michigan, 3,000 in Minnesota, and if there be a free ballot, 20,000 in Missouri. Kentucky has already given 50,000 Conservative majority.

THE GAME OF BRAG!

Brag is a good dog, but Hold On is a better. The Radicals will experience the truth of this adage soon enough.

CLAP-TRAP!

Of all the infernal, outrageous, desperate and damnable lies that ever disgraced the newspaper press, those with which the Radical sheets are now teeming, are the most bold and shameless. If all the fiends in hell were let loose and each of them had forty tongues of forty Tom Peppers, and on each tongue were the quintessence of all the falsehoods Tom Pepper ever told, they could not lie faster or more villainously than do the men whom the President has driven to the wall. We copy a few specimens below. If any man is fool enough to believe such fabricated stuff, we don't want to waste words with him. Here are the samples.

No. 1.

The Copperheads Demand Thirty Additional Members of Congress for the South.

The coalition of Northern Copperheads and Southern rebels, at Philadelphia, demands thirty additional members of Congress for the Southern States. This is the question to be settled at the ballot box! The *West Minister Review*, one of the oldest and best quarterly publications in the old World, in the July number, says: "THAT THE SOUTH SHOULD RETURN TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES MORE POWERFUL BY THIRTY MEMBERS THAN IT WAS BEFORE THE WAR IS A RESULT THE NORTH CANNOT ACCEPT.

No. 2.

Compensation for their Slaves.

One of the principal incentives which has actuated the Secessionists to enter into an alliance with the Copperheads and Johnsonites of the North is the desire to establish a party that will eventually, if successful, give them compensation for their slaves. Fellow citizens, are you ready to assist in the establishment of a party that will ask you, yea you, to pay for 4,000,000 of Slaves? If you do, vote the Copperhead ticket!

No. 3.

Rise in Price of Rebel Bonds.

In another column will be found a telegram from London of the 31st ultimo, announcing the fact that the news of the action of the Philadelphia 14th of August Convention had resulted in a meterial advance in the value of Rebel Bonds. Loyal men everywhere have contended that the action of the President in concert with rebels and copperheads was leading directly to the assumption of the rebel debt. This prediction is now further verified by the fact that European financiers put the same interpretation upon "My Policy" and accordingly have began to buy up the bonds of the defunct Confederacy in the confident expectation that they will be paid by the United States if Andrew Johnson's policy of reconstruction is adopted. Tax payers what think you of this action of European financiers. If you wish to pay the rebel debt vote the Copper-Johnson-Reconstruction ticket by all means and you will have your taxes donbled, within the next two years.

THAD. STEVENS AND BEDFORD COUNTY!

The Republicans of Bedford County forced on Thad's Platform!

Thad. Stevens, who preaches the equality of Negroes and White Men, was put forward on Tuesday night of Court week, as the spokesman of the Radical meeting. *He spoke for the leaders of the Republican party! He spoke for the Republican party in Bedford county!* Every "Republican" will either have to stand on his platform, or quit voting, or vote the Democratic ticket. The Radical leaders in Bedford county are trying to force the "Republicans" of Bedford county to step upon Stevens' platform. They want to negro-ize their party in this county. Hence they got Old Thad. to make his speech before them. The issue now is Stevens and the Negro.—There can be no dodging it.

RISE IN U. S. BONDS.

The proceedings of the Philadelphia National Union Convention were received in Europe by the holders of U. S. bonds, with great joy. The bonds at once rose in value, and the news was telegraphed over the Atlantic Cable. This news did not suit the Radicals at all, so they had the word "Rebel" inserted before bonds, in the place of "Federal," and are now bellowing like so many bulls of Bashan about the proceedings of the Philadelphia Convention causing a rise in the price of "*Rebel*" bonds. The Philadelphia *Ledger*, a "Republican" paper, says that the dispatch read "Federal bonds," and that its alteration is a transparent trick to make political capital. Shame on such demagogueism.

HON. B. F. MEYERS, editor of that well known and excellent paper, the Bedford *Gazette*, has been nominated by the Democrats and Conservatives as their candidate for State Senator in the Somerset, Bedford and Fulton district, with a good prospect of success. Mr. Meyers would make an able and attentive Senator. Few men in the State who have never held a public office are so well and thoroughly acquainted with the people, policy and wants of Pennsylvania as Mr. Meyers. Popular at home and abroad as a gentleman of character and ability, he will meet the Radical disunionists as a brave man should—wipe out their small majority in his district and take his seat at the State Capitol as the representative of white men, and a true and tried friend of the Union and the Constitution.—*Genius of Liberty.*

"EQUAL RIGHTS TO EVERY HUMAN BEING, EVEN TO THE AFRICAN!"—*Thaddeus Stevens at Bedford, Tuesday evening, Sept. 4.*

THE PRESIDENT TO BE IMPEACHED.

Another Civil War Impending.

Advices from Washington state that it is the purpose of the Radicals, should they succeed in the coming elections, TO IMPEACH THE PRESIDENT, and put the President of the U. S. Senate (one of their own number) in the Presidential chair. There is not the least doubt that this scheme is on foot. Should this be attempted, civil war will be the result and our country will be scourged more terribly than before.

HAULS DOWN ITS COLORS!

The Bedford *Inquirer*, after having for months printed under its editorial head, the proposed Amendment to the Constitution as the platform of its party, *drops it, in its last issue.* What! Not driven from your position already? Or can't you lie enough about your platform with it staring your readers in the face? Remember, that platform declares that "*All* persons *born*, or naturalized, in the United States, *are citizens!*"

WIDE AWAKE!

Wednesday, Sept. 26, is the last day for getting ASSESSED. Democrats see to this! We have usually lost a few votes in nearly every district, by neglecting to have every man assessed.—Will we never learn wisdom from our enemies? Shall so small a matter be permitted to injure us? Let all Democrats be assessed, *at once*, EVERY MAN—especially those who voted on age last year.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE AT LAST.

The Radical National Convention at Philadelphia, has issued an address favoring "*Universal Suffrage.*" Ex-Secretary Speed and other delegates left the Convention. Jack Hamilton swore that if the Convention didn't adopt "*Universal Suffrage*" he wouldn't stump an hour for Geary. So, "Republicans," you have now your national platform. Get on it, or you'll be put out of the party.

HENRY WARD BEECHER!

Read the letter of Henry Ward Beecher, on the outside of our paper. This late strong "Republican" comes outsquarely in favor of President Johnson and the immediate restoration of the South to the Union. Why should "Republicans" hesitate to follow men like Beecher, Seward, Welles, Cowan, Blair, Doolittle, Dixon and the ablest leaders of their party?

DENY IT, IF YOU DARE!

Will the Bedford *Inquirer* please inform its readers that the NEGROES FRED. DOUGLASS and P. B. RANDOLPH, were members of the "Loyal" Republican Convention which met in Philadelphia, and that GEN. GEARY was also in the Convention *and occupied a seat on the platform?* Or, if it cannot do this, will it dare to deny that such are the facts? Come, toe the mark!

GLORIOUS NEWS!

California Redeemed.

The cheering news has been flashed over the wires, that the State election in California has resulted in tremendous Conservative gains. Nearly every county has gone Democratic. This is glory enough for one day. As time rolls on, the storm of popular indignation that overwhelmed the Radicals in California, will sweep over the country, hurling them into oblivion in every State of the Union, outside of New England. "God speed the Right!"

WILMINGTON!

Great Democratic Gains!

The "Republican" majority in Wilmington, Delaware, is about 200. Two years ago it gave Lincoln 800—a gain of 600. Last year it gave 400 "Republican" majority. Delaware is all right.

COLORADO!

Gov. Cummings has given the certificate of election to A. C. Hunt, the Democratic candidate for Congress in Colorado. So all the blowing of the Radicals over Chilicot's election was simply wind and nothing more. Gov. Cummings is a "Republican." Hadn't the Bedford *Inquirer* better try again?

IDAHO!

The Democratic candidate for Congress in Idaho, Mr. Holbrook, has been elected by 1,000 majority! Another earthquake.

STILL ANOTHER!

The Shirleysburg *Herald*, published by Mr. Lutz, has hauled down Geary's name, and refuses to support the "Republican" county ticket of Huntingdon county. Old Huntingdon will be redeemed, certain, this time.

THADDEUS STEVENS spoke on Tuesday evening, of last week, in Bedford, of "THE EFFORT MADE BY THE REPUBLICANS TO GIVE EQUAL RIGHTS TO EVERY HUMAN BEING, EVEN TO THE AFRICAN."

"THE EFFORT MADE BY THE REPUBLICANS TO GIVE EQUAL RIGHTS TO EVERY HUMAN BEING, EVEN THE AGRICAN."—*Thad Stevens' speech, see last week's Bedford Inquirer.*

WANTED—5,000 copies of the Bedford *Inquirer* containing Thad. Stevens' Negro Suffrage Disunion speech. Every body should read it.

A REQUEST—Will the Chairman of the Radical county committee favor us with the presence of Gen. John Williamson in this county until the election?

THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION.

Dr. Stephen H. Tyng and Capt. Worden, United States Navy, endorse the President's Restoration Policy.

The subjoined letters from two of the noblest supporters of the Union—each in his own way—from a worthy corollary to the splendid patriotism and logic of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's reply to the invitation of the Cleveland Convention, which is published on our first page:

ST. GEORGE'S RECTORY, Sept. 6.
Gen. Charles G. Halpine,

MY DEAR SIR: My home engagements and personal infirmities render it impossible for me to give the time or effort which would be involved in the journey and duty you propose. I should be glad to give you a different reply were it in my power. I have read with great delight Mr. Beecher's unanswerable letter, and desire to thank him for the fidelity and power with which he has accomplished so good a work. I shall honor the soldiers and sailors of the nation if they give their cordial and united support to the sound and healthful principles which he proclaims and sustains. It will be a glorious result, if the people of the land unite with them in the universal determination, that Union, liberty, and generous interpretation and action shall end all the controversies of the day in which we live, in the immediate and complete reconstruction and combined establishment of our whole nation as one harmonious and prospering people.

That a conquering army should desire this seems but accordant with the spirit of a generous victor. That they should assemble in a peaceful fellowship to avow and to promote it, is but exercising their rights as citizens and fulfilling their obligation as intelligent leaders of their fellow men; and that ministers of a religion of peace and good will should sustain and encourage a purpose and movement so honorable to the nation, would appear to be the plainest dictate of duty in the position which they sustain and relations to the people among whom they dwell.

I cannot refuse, therefore, to approve and endorse the meeting which is proposed, or the platform on which it avows itself to stand.

Your friend and servant, with much regard, STEPHEN H. TYNG.

LETTER FROM CAPT. WORDEN, UNITED STATES NAVY.

U. S. STEAMSHIP PENSACOLA,
NEW YORK HARBOR, Sept. 6.

MY DEAR GENERAL: I am in receipt of your kind invitation of the 4th instant, to participate in the Convention of officers to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, to "approve the present plans of reconstruction, and the President's policy generally."

Be assured, General, the policy of sustaining the administration meets my hearty approval, and nothing would give me greater pleasure than uniting with my old companions in arms in this effort; but as my ship will sail in a few days to join the South Pacific Squadron, I will not be in the United States when the Convention assembles.

During the rebellion my whole heart and soul were enlisted in the effort toward its suppression; and now that it is suppressed, I feel it a pleasant duty to extend to our repentant Southern brethren the right hand of fellowship.

Generous magnanimity toward a fallen foe is characteristic of brave men, and the principle is eminently shown in the sentiments so warmly and frequently expressed lately by the brave men who participated in subduing the rebellion.

Trusting that the Convention, by its wisdom, moderation, and patriotism, may strengthen the hands of the government in its efforts toward reconstruction and conciliation, and meet the views and support of all patriotic citizens, especially those who served in the army and navy during the rebellion.

I remain very truly yours,
JOHN L. WORDEN,
Captain United States Navy.

MORE TROUBLE IN THE RADICAL CAMP.

The following copy of a letter, sent to the President of the Republican Convention of the Second Ward last evening, explains itself, and is a bitter reflection upon the city authorities, and all others who refused to pay due respect to the President of the United States. Coming as it does from a working man, it but expresses the sentiment of thousands in the same walks of life. We give the letter to speak for itself:—*Age 30th.*

PHILADELPHIA, August 25, 1866.
To the President and Members of the Nominating Convention, Second Ward.

GENTLEMEN: Notwithstanding the fact of my being unanimously elected a Delegate to your Convention, having been placed on the tickets of both the opposing (Radical) factions of my precinct, the Sixth, I am nevertheless compelled to decline taking a seat or any part whatever in your Convention.

I have been induced to take this step on account of the action of the Radical Unionists towards the Chief Magistrate of the nation, on the occasion of his arrival and sojourn in the city, yesterday and to-day. Having witnessed in sorrow, the disgraceful action of the party of which I have been an active member all my life, I felt I could not longer affiliate with such a political organization! I have therefore joined the Johnson Club of this ward, intending hereafter to act with a party who appear to have some sense of honor and decency.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) SAMUEL R. BLEYLER.

—The editor of the Buffalo Christian (!) Advocate says that President Johnson's speech to the Philadelphia Convention Committee is similar to "that which cost Charles I his head, and may yet make one tailor less." Such expressions as these always make one candidate for perdition more.

—The corn crop of Pennsylvania, this year, is estimated at 30,000,000 bushels.

ALL THE DECENCY.

In the Radical Convention on Thursday last the following scenes occurred, which cannot fail to shock the moral sense of every right-thinking man in the community:

Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, read the despatch in yesterday's papers relating to the President's visit to the Northwest. On reading that part of Mr. Seward's speech, and inquiring whether the audience desired Mr. Johnson for King or President, loud cries of "Nary one" were heard from all parts of the Convention.

A Delegate—No, sir; we'd see Andy Johnson 365 degrees into *hell*, with Bill Seward and Montgomery Blair on top of him, first.

Parson Brownlow gave utterance to these disgusting remarks:

Some gentlemen, not through any unkind feeling toward me, but through a mistaken appreciation of my motives, has said that we were afraid of the negro-suffrage question and sought to dodge it. Why, I should feel disgraced now and forever if I felt doubtful on any subject of national concern. I never was claimed on both sides of any question, and never intend to be. While I am satisfied with what has been done, *I am the advocate of negro-suffrage and of impartial suffrage.* [Great applause, including "three cheers for Brownlow."] I would sooner be elected to any office under heaven by loyal negroes than by disloyal white men. [Applause. I would sooner associate in private life with a loyal negro than a disloyal white man. I would sooner be buried in a negro graveyard than in a rebel graveyard. [Applause.] *If I have after death to go either to hell or to heaven, I shall prefer to go with loyal negroes to hell than with traitors to heaven.*

These sentiments, it must be borne mind, were uttered on the floor of the Radical Convention, in the same hall in which Anna Dickinson and Fred. Douglass spoke, and before the same body which received with enthusiastic applause General Geary, the dismion candidate for Governor. "The pity of it—O, the pity of it!"—*Age.*

OUR LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

It will be seen by the proceedings of the Democratic Legislative Conference, which assembled in Bedford on Saturday, last, that the Hon. HIRAM FINDLAY has been placed in nomination on the ticket for Assembly—no second nomination having been made, but Col. FILLER, of Bedford county, (who had announced himself as an Independent Candidate) recommended to the support of the Democracy of the District.

We believe this action on the part of the Conferees to have been, under the circumstances, judicious, and that it will meet the approbation of the party in the District.

The Hon. HIRAM FINDLAY is one of that noble, old-fashioned type of Democrats, who is a Democrat from deep conviction of the truth and rectitude of the Democratic principle. Immovable in his attachment to that principle (as the man of integrity ever is to what he believes to be *right*) Mr. Findlay had remained consistently and unwaveringly faithful to the creed and doctrines of Jefferson and Jackson. Devoted to the Union all his life, he bore eminent testimony, during our dark days of trial, against the open foe at the South, and the insidious but no less dangerous enemies of the Union at the North, who plotted for dissolution, and who are now openly striving to render dissolution permanent. A man of unsullied private character, popular in manners, skillful and experienced in business, well informed of the material wants and interests of the District, possesses, of a shrewd intelligence and a good stock of information, he is in every respect not only a competent, but a first class man, for the office of Legislator.

Col. JOHN H. FILLER has heretofore acted with the Republican party. His name was presented by his friends for nomination by the Republican party, this fall, for the same office. This was sought in the name of "the boys in blue," and as a slight recognition of their services in behalf of the country. But the party that vaunted itself as the special friend of the soldier, turned the cold shoulder to Col. FILLER and he was literally cheated out of the nomination (as was also Captain Stuckey, another worthy soldier,) in order to give place to a burly, big, wealthy stay-at-home patriot —one John T. Richards, of Fulton county. Seeing now an opportunity to rebuke the meanness, duplicity and faithlessness of the corrupt party organization, and, at the same time, to do an act of merited justice to "the boys in blue," the representatives of the Democratic party have, in the true spirit of unselfish magnanimity, recommended Col. Filler to Democratic support. That he will be elected, we can hardly have a doubt. The unanimous support he will receive from his special friends, "the boys in blue," who were so coolly thrust aside by the Republicans—the many votes he will take from the Republican party, a large portion of whom are dissatisfied with the swindling and scheming whereby the soldiers were ruled out—these, with the generous assistance of the Democracy, will well nigh render his election a certainty. Of Col. Filler's fitness for the office, there can be no doubt. His opponents concede him to be one of the most educated, intelligent and talented men in the District.

With these last additions to the ticket, which completes it, we enter the contest with still increased hopes of success.—*Fulton Democrat.*

SEWARD ON M'MICHAEL.

Mr. Seward is sometimes jocular. Neither the cares of State, nor "Bayne's *mistaken* stabs," have made him sullen and morose. He occasionally says a good thing, and on Wednesday last in New York, he thus disposed of "his old friend M'Michael:"

When we came to Philadelphia—the only city on our way where the authorities did not tender hospitalities to the President of the United States—we found a city which was disorganized. [Laughter.] It had no government, no Common Council, no city authorities, and no police; but we found a city so loyal, so earnest, so peaceable, so zealous in the cause of national restoration and reconciliation, that every man was a law unto himself; [Laughter]; and I said to myself, "Blessed is that city which can dispense with a ruler." [Laughter.] I was reminded of John Gilpin's ride, and of the wish that

When John Gilpin next doth ride,
May I be there to see;

and I applied it to the Mayor and said,

Long live my old friend, M'Michael,
And the President, long live he!
And when we next do ride that way,
May M'Michael be there to see.

—Massachusetts-Red-River Banks calls General Grant "a time-server." Well he didn't serve the rebels with supplies up the Red River, anyhow.

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following Business Directory for the borough of Bedford and other places in the county, *whose advertisements appear in the columns of* THE GAZETTE,) may be of service to our friends and patrons in the county, and is commended to their attention:

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—G. H. Spang; J. P. Reed; J. W. Tate; John Palmer; E. F. Kerr; Durborrow & Lutz; Espy M. Alsip; John T. Keagy & J. H. Filler; Kimmell & Lingenfelter, Meyers & Dickerson, Bedford, Pa.

BANKERS—Reed & Schell; Rupp, Shannon & Co., Bedford, Pa.

BOOTS AN SHOES, VARIETIES, &c.—J. H. Hatton; H. F Irvine, Bedford, Pa.

BEDFORD NURSERIES—T. M. Lynch.

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &c.—Richard Leo, Bedford, Pa.

CLOTHING—I. Lippel, Berkstresser & Smith, George Reimund, Bedford, Pa.

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.—A. B. Cramer; J. M. Shoemaker; P. A.Reed, Defibaugh & Fisher, Bedford, Pa.
Hershman & Greenbaum, St. Clairsville, &c

DENTISTRY—C. N. Hickok & J. G. Minnich, Jr., Bedford, Pa.

DRUGGIST—J. L. Lewis, Bedford, Pa.

FANCY STORES—Mrs. V. B. Tate & Miss M. Rea; Mrs. E. V. Mowry; Mrs. M. R. Schafer & Miss Kate Deal, Bedford, Pa.

GROCERIES—H. C. Resmer, George Mardorff, Bedford, Pa.

HARDWARE, &c.—Wm. Hartley; Geo. Blymyer & Son, Bedford, Pa.

HOTELS——Bedford Hotel, J. J. Shoemaker; Mengel House, I. Mengel; Union Hotel, V. Steckman, Bedford, Pa.

JEWELER—Daniel Bordor, Bedford, Pa.

JOB PRINTERS—Meyers & Mengel, Bedford, Pa.—All kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing neatly and promptly executed.

PUMPS—Wm. C. Snively, Schellsburg, Pa.

PHYSICIANS—Dr. J. L. Marbourg, Bedford, Pa.; Drs. W.W. Jamison and P. H. Pennsyl, Bloody Run, Pa.

PATENT MEDICINES—Shriner's Cough Syrup and Indian Vermifuge; Foutz's Mixture and Horse and Cattle Powder; Wheaton's Ointment; Helmbold's Extract of Buchu; Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment; Allcock's Porous Plasters; Christadoro's Hair Dye; Mishler's Herb Bitters.

REAL ESTATE SALES—
F. C. Reamer—private sale
T. H. & N. J. Lyons, Private Sale.
Jacob Walter, Private,
C. N. Hickok, private sale.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.—B. McC. Blymyer & Co., Bedford, Pa.

☞ Read the "New Advertisements" in this week's issue of THE GAZETTE.

☞ For Administrator's, Executor's, Auditor's notices, &c., see "Legal Notices."

☞ Read the advertisements under the head of Notices, &c."

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

Union, Prosperity, Peace!

LET US TAKE COUNCIL TOGETHER!

Meetings will be held as follows:

On Monday evening, Sept. 17, Jonathan Bowser's School House, Colerain; D. A. T. Black's, E. Providence; Buffalo Mills' School House, Harrison; George Gardill's Juniata tp.

Tuesday evening, Sept. 18, Clearville School House, Monroe; Palo Alto, Londonderry; Marietta, Union; and Tuesday, at 1½ o'clock p. m., Lewistown, Union.

Wednesday evening, Sept. 19, Lewis Suter's, (Half-way House), Hopewell; Daniel J. Miller's School House, Londonderry; Thomas Reichard's, Union.

Thursday evening, Sept. 20, Charlesville, Colerain: Buena Vista, Juniata; Wm. A. Grove's, (Dasher's School House), Hopewell.

Friday evening, Sept. 21, Cavender's Store, Southampton; Miller's-town, Napier; Coaldale, Broad Top.

Saturday evening, Sept. 22, McElfish's, Southampton; New Paris, Napier; Stonerstown, Liberty.

Tuesday evening, Sept. 24, Potter's School House, M. Woodberry.

Saturday evening, Sept. 29, Ritchey's Hotel, near Pattonsville, S. Woodberry.

J. W. DICKERSON.
Chairman Dem. Co. Committee.

GRAND RALLIES!

Day and Evening Mass Meetings!

Monday, Sept. 24, 2o'clock, P. M., at Mrs. Mary Morgart's, (W. Providence,) for E. Providence, W. Providence, Monroe, Bloody Run Borough, and parts of Southampton and Hopewell.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1 o'clock P. M., Hopewell, for Hopewell, Broad Top, and Liberty townships.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, 2 o'clock, P. M., Woodberry, for the two Woodberrys and adjoining parts of Blair county.

Thursday, Sept. 27, 2 o'clock P. M., Pleasantville, for Union, St. Clair, and parts of Bedford and Napier.

Friday, Sept. 28, Schellsburg, for Napier, Juniata, Harrison, and parts of Bedford and St. Clair.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Centreville, for Londonderry, Cumberland Valley, and parts of Southampton and Colerain.

Monday, Oct. 1, 7 o'clock, P. M., Rainsburg.

Saturday, Oct. 6, 7 o'clock P. M., Cessna's Hotel, foot of Dry Ridge.

Monday, Oct. 8, 7 o'clock, P. M., at St. Clairsville.

Eminent speakers from abroad are invited and have promised to address these meetings.

The splendid and now thoroughly trained Bedford Democratic Brass Band will be present and enliven these occasions with music.

J. W. DICKERSON,
Chairman Dem. Co. Committee.

"THE CAMP, THE BATTLE-FIELD AND THE HOSPITAL," is the title of a handsome volume, just issued by the National Publishing Company, 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa. The author has delved most industriously amongst the masses of curious incidents which have marked the late war, and has grouped and classified them under appropriate heads, and in a very attractive form.

There is a certain portion of the war that will never go into the regular histories, and will not get embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos, of the war.

These illustrate the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service. From the beginning of the war the author, Dr. L. P. BROCKETT, has been engaged in collecting all the anecdotes connected with or illustrative of it.

The volume is profusely illustrated with over 100 engravings by the first artists, which are *really beautiful*; worthy of examination as specimens of the art. The book's contents include reminiscences of camp, picket, spy, scout, bivouac, siege and battlefield adventures; thrilling feats of bravery, wit, drollery, comical and ludicrous adventures, etc., etc.

Amusements as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are skillfully interwoven in this work of literary art.

PRESERVING SEED CORN.—As the season is at hand for farmers to lay away their seed corn, we give the following suggestions from an old farmer in Wisconsin. As soon as the largest ears become hardened or glazed, though the stalk may be quite green and the husk on the ear somewhat green, select the largest and ripest ears, and on the same day divest the corn of all the husk, save as much as will suspend it. Braid the ears in bunches of ten or twelve and suspend them in some dry place, or if the atmosphere be damp, hang the bunches around the wall of the kitchen for three or four weeks at least. It may hang either in the kitchen or any dry, airy place, where neither damp nor rain will get to it, until planting time. All such seeds will grow in any land not flooded with water.—*Prairie Farmer.*

A WARNING:—
Beware of spurious extracts deleterious.
Can frauds compare with pure "Night Blooming Cereus?
Phalon & Son, manufacturers N. Y.
Sold everywhere.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus—wondrous Pure, rich, refreshing, healthful, permanent.
Sold everywhere.

THE PACIFIC.

Filibusters for Mexico—The Puebla Case—Political Affairs—The Late Indian Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—Another small expedition to aid the Liberals in Mexico is said to have sailed last night.

The transcript of the appeal in the Puebla case, about to be sent to the United States Supreme Court, contains nearly one thousand pages of legal cap.

Japan tea sold recently at eighty cents per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—Dates from Arizonia have been received to August 30.

The election for delegate to Congress was to take place last week. The candidates were Charles D. Poston and Colonel Bushford.

The Governor had apportioned the members of the Legislature on the basis of the late census.

The country in the neighborhood of Lopez is flooded to a distance of forty miles.

A letter gives a detailed account of the fight lately reported, in which thirty-three Indians were killed. It seems the Indians belonged to friendly tribes. Toll was demanded of teamsters for passing over the road from Lopez.—This being refused, a scuffle ensued. The teamsters were joined by a dozen soldiers, when a general fight took place, resulting in the death of thirty-three Indians, who had not brought bows and arrows, but who were said to have had knives concealed about their persons. The Indians intimate that the Superintendent of Indian Affairs authorized them to collect tolls.

TAX PAYERS READ.—Col. Francis Jordan, located at Washington, acting as State Agent upon a salary of $3,000, we learn from good authority, has not done a day's work in that capacity since the 1st of June, the duties of the office, however, are not neglected, as Col. James Gilliland, his assistant, does the business. The reason of this direliction of duty upon the part of Colonel Jordan arises from the fact of his being detained in the State by the Stevens-Geary men as the Chairman of the State Central Committee.—We find no fault with the Colonel for exercising himself in advancing the political interests of his political party, but we do find fault with HIS DRAWING PAY FOR LABOR THAT ANOTHER PERFORMS. While in the service of the Stevens-Geary men, why not resign the post of State Agent? As it stands he abstracts from the Treasury of the United States $3,000 which justly belongs to men who remain and toil early and late to make up his portion of labor. Tax-payers of Pennsylvania, watch your money! We would like to know why Frank Jordan is paid $3,000 a year for doing nothing? Is not our taxes heavy enough to pay what is necessary to be paid, without squandering money in this style.—*Easton Sentinel.*

FACTORIES SOUTH.—An Alabama paper says: "We hear of factories springing up all over the country. At Camden, Wilcox County, a wealthy company have taken the initiatory steps to erect a large building, and fill it with the most approved machinery. At Carrollton, Mississippi, a factory is now in operation, which in a short time will employ one hundred and eighty spindles. In Marengo County they are making arrangements to manufacture on a large scale. At Cuba Station, Sumter county, a factory is shortly to be in operation. These are a few of the indications that the South will soon become filled with factories. The results of the war, in throwing capital into an entirely new channel, the facilites of easy intercommunication, abundance of material to be used in manufacturing, contiguity to the said material, equability of temperature, and a thousand other facts, point out this region as the future home of the factory."

—There was a marriage at Deerfield, Connecticut, a few days since, of Henry W. Harly, of Montague, a sixty-four-year-old whiteman, to Amanda Jigger, an eighteen-year-old negro girl.

—The Hannibal *Republic* says that within the past year three hundred and twenty-eight Radical political preachers have been sent to the penitentiaries of the United States, and eight of them have been hung. There are several in this section of country who would appear to better advantage in cells in the State prison at Waupun than they now do in the pulpits they pollute and disgrace.

—Congress votes to increase its pay for protecting British commerce by preventing our vessels sold during the rebellion from coming back under our flag. S. F. Wilson voted for that measure.

—The commissioner of agriculture reports that, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather during a part of the season, the crop in the North, Northwest and portions of the South will be unusually large.

—The Mobile *Advertiser* says the body of a federal soldier has been dug up near there completely petrified. There are many bold federal soldiers living, but this one is a boulder. He was a hero of Limestone Ridge.

—That was a provident and affectionate father who secured $5,000 policies in an accidental insurance company upon the lives of his seven small children, and sent the darlings for a holiday excursion on a New Jersey railroad.

—A North Carolina farmer has shipped North this season over 500 barrels of dried blackberries and 2000 bushels of dried apples.

—On the 20th the Disunionists held a "mass meeting" at Lebanon. There were *thirty-six* persons present—Geary himself making the 38th.

—Grape-grower Longworth was introduced the other day, to poet Longfellow. Of the likeness of their names, the poet said: "Worth makes the man, the want of it the fellow."

—The *Saturday Review* is guilty of gross adultation of Parson Brownlow when it calls him "a fanatical buffoon," "a phenomenon of indecency," and "a loud mouthed ruffian."

—A man maketh a very wry face over a gill of vinegar, but he taketh down a quart of whiskey without a twist of his snout.

—Geary and Curtin says—"Bring on your *wool*—there is no possible objection to it!" Are the *people* ready for the question?

Some 20 or 30 females are on trial at Indianola, Iowa, for compelling a secesh sister to carry an American flag in a procession.

—President Johnson's speech at the Delmonico banquet was telegraphed to England at a cost of $5019.

—A Cattle thief who was hanged in Nebraska City, on the 17th ult., bequeathed $1000 to the First Methodist church of that city.

—Hon. Hannibal Hamlin has resigned the Collectorship of the Port of Boston, because he cannot endorse the President's policy.

—The New York Herald figures up again of fifty Congressmen for the Conservatives in the coming elections.

—Paper torn up in small inch bits makes a good bed as a substitute for hair or feathers.

—A revolutionary soldier, named Frederick Craider, has lately died near Meadville, Miss., at the age of 108.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.
Jan. 5, '66—1y.

BLACK AS A CROW, a few years since, was many a splendid head that is now grey or grizzled. Why not restore it to the yet unwrinkled brow its raven honors? Five minutes effects the splendid transformation. In less time than a rifleman would take to

LOAD AND FIRE

three times the greyest head may be made darker than the

RAVEN'S WING.

No matter of what undesirable tint the hair or whiskers or beard may be, the change to a superb and perfectly natural black or brown is accomplished by one application of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

without staining the skin or injuring the filaments. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. aug.24-1m.

DR. TOBIAS' VENITIAN HORSE LINIMENT.—Pint Bottles at One Dollar, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises, splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over heating; sore throat, nail in the foot, etc It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor.—It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the racing stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. *Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember*, one dollar laid out in time may save the life of your horse. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. aug 24-1m.

PERMANENT AND WIDE-SPREAD SUCCESS IS THE BEST EVIDENCE OF THE GOODNESS OF BRANDRETH'S PILLS.—They should be in every family, ready for use on the first symptoms of disease occurring. This method will often save life. Remember, the

CHOLERA MUST BE TREATED AS A POISON,

and your safety demands it should be got rid of without delay. Colds, rheumatism, asthma, pleurisy, diarrhœa, colics, in fact, all sickness is the consequence of active impurities in the blood.—These being removed, the health is restored at once.

Observe my name in the Government stamp in white letters Sold by Druggists
aug 24-1m. B. BRANDRETH.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. Others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York
Jan. 5, '66—1y.

MARRIED.

ACKER—SILL.—On the 9th inst., by Rev. C. U Heilman, Mr John Acker to Miss Leah Sill, both of St. Clair township, this county.

GARDNER—BURKET.—On the 30th of Aug., by the Rev. R. Heckerman, Mr. Samuel Gardner to Miss Margaret Burket, both of Bedford tp

BURKET—PRICE.—On the 6th inst., by the same, Jacob D. Burket to Miss Susannah M. Price, both of Bedford tp.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—Buy your TINWARE at
Aug 10—tf. B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

Legal Notices.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, in and by an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of said elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected, I, JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff of the county of Bedford, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Bedford, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

SECOND TUESDAY (9th) OF OCTOBER,
1866, at the several election districts, viz:

The electors of the Borough of Bedford and township of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of Broad Top township and Coal Dale borough to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Bloody Run to meet at the House of Daniel B. Ott in said borough.

The electors of Colerain township to meet at the house of D. Stuckey in Rainsburg in said township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley township to meet at the new school house erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The electors of Harrison township to meet at school house No. 5, near the dwelling house of Wm Ream, in said township.

The electors of Juniata township to meet at Keyser's school house in said township.

The electors of Hopewell township to meet at the school house near the house of John Dasher in said township.

The electors of Londonderry township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop in Bridgeport in said township.

The electors of Liberty township to meet at the school house in Stonerstown in said township.

The electors of Monroe township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Cannell in Clearville in said township.

The electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at the brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Napier township to meet at the brick school house in the borough of Schelsburg.

The electors of East Providence township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, jr., in said township.

The electors of Snake Spring township to meet at the school house near the Methodist church on the land of John G. Hartley.

The electors of West Providence township to meet at school house No. 4, near David Sparks, in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township to meet at the school house near the residence of Joseph Griffith in said township.

The electors of Union township to meet at the school house near Mowry's mill in said township.

The electors of South Woodberry township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill in said township.

The electors of Southampton township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams in said township.

The electors of Middle Woodberry township to meet at the house of Henry Fluke in the village of Woodberry.

At which time and place the qualified electors will elect by ballot:

ONE PERSON for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON in conjunction with the counties of Somerset, Fulton, Franklin and Adams for the office of Member of Congress of the United States.

ONE PERSON in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Fulton, for the office of Senator of Pennsylvania.

TWO PERSONS, in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Fulton, for the office of Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Quarter Sessions and Orphans' Court of Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Associate Judge of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Commissioner of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Poor Director of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Auditor of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Coroner of said county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profitor trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be elegible to be then voted for.

And the said act of assembly entitled "an act relating to elections of the Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, further provides as follows, viz:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 8 o'clock in the morning of the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and if any vacancy still continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors or other of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white citizen of the age of twenty-one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the age of twenty-one and twenty two years who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless: First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof; or second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspector, and a note made opposite the same by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, and the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make a like note in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election and shall also swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward or district where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of an election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved 12th day of March, 1866: AN ACT, Regulating the mode of voting at all elections, in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labelled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member, and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in seperate ballot-boxes.

SECTION 2. That it shall be the duty of the Sheriffs, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to insert in their election proclamations, hereafter issued the first section of this act.

JAMES R. KELLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
A. G. CURTIN.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said election, then and there to perform those things required of them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 31st day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the ninety-first of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN ALSTADT, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bedford.
August 31, 1866.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Frederick Miller, late of Hopewell township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. WILLIAM DORRIER,
aug.24-6t. Adm'r

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BEDFORD!

THE REGULATOR

AND BEDFORD

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

IN ADVANCE OF ALL OTHERS.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS!

CLOTHING, CASIMERES, HATS of all kinds laid in at prices to suit the times.

If you want a good Coat go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Boots, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Vest, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Shoes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Pants, go to the Regulator.
If you want a suit of Clothes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Shirt, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Hat, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Gaiter or Shoe go to the Reg'r.
If you want good Cassimere, go to the Regulator.
If you want a variety of Notions, go to the Reg'r.
If you want a fashionable Coat, go to the Regulator
If you want fashionable Pants & Vests go to the Regulator.
If you want a fashionable Suit, go to the Regulator.
If you want Queensware or Glassware, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Spices of any kind, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Flavoring Extracts, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Toilet Soap or Perfumery, go the Regulator.
If you want good Hosiery, Gloves, Neck-ties collars, &c., go to the Regulator.
If you want any thing in our line, go to the Bedford Clothing Emporium and Boot, Shoe and Notion Regulator, No. 2, Anderson's Row.

Goods of all kinds ordered from the Eastern cities to accommodate customers.

H. F. IRVINE,
Sept. 7, 1866. R. W. BERKSTRESSER.

THE PUBLIC WILL PLEASE NOTICE.—1st. That we furnish for delivery, books equal in every respect to the sample copies or description given in prospectus. Subscribers will not be obliged to take the work unless it corresponds with the description in every particular.

2d. We instruct Agents to have but one price for our publications, under penalty of a refusal to supply their lists, and a canceling of their appointments.

3d. We sell our books exclusively by subscription, through our traveling Agents, and fix no case through bookstores; therefore "booksellers" cannot obtain them.

4th. To avoid delaying the Agent, whose time is valuable, subscribers are requested to be prepared with the price of the book on its presentation by the Agent.

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Publishers,
sept.7-3t, 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.—Notice is hereby given to all persons, without respect to persons, who shall wilfully trespass on the premises of the undersigned, in Bedford township either by hunting, gathering nuts, cutting timber, or in any way whatever, will be dealt with according to the extreme penalty of the law.
sept.7-3t.* PHILIP LITTLE.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK OF STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied with all kinds of TINWARE on the shortest notice, at B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

ANTI-DUST PARLOR STOVES—SPEAR'S PATENT, at
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

B. MC. BLYMYER & CO., Wholesale and Retail dealers in Stoves, Tinware, &c. No. 1, "Stone Row," Bedford, Pa.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!—*Scratch! Scratch! Scratch!*—WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists By sending 60 cents to Weeks & Potter, sole agents, 170 Washington street Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.
[un8,'66.-1y.

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, assuring them they will find

BARGAINS

in every department of our stock.

TERMS:

CASH PREFERRED.

By special agreement a credit of six months can be had.

INTEREST CHARGED

on all accounts after period named.

may4,'66. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

SELLING OFF AT COST!!

P. A. REED,

Intending to relinquish the Mercantile business, in Bedford,

IS CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, &c.,

AT COST!

A rare chance to buy goods, of all kinds, cheap.

Call and see.

jun1,'66.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

REMEMBER THE

NEW CHEAP STORE,

At St. Clairsville, Pa.

GOODS OF ALL KINDS SOLD AT SMALL PROFITS.

OPPENHEIMER

Has just received from the East, and offers for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES,

a large and varied assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of every description and of the best quality;

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

a large assortment, to suit all classes;

NOTIONS,

in endless variety;

MUSLINS,

all kinds, very cheap;

CALICOES,

from the best manufactures.

Our stock of

DRY GOODS

is unsurpassed, and we ask all to give us a call, if they desire to get BARGAINS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

of every description, for sale at the LOWEST PRICES. We also make CLOTHING of all kinds TO ORDER, at short notice, and upon the most reasonable terms. We also keep constantly on hand a splendid assortment of PIECE GOODS:—

CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
CLOTHS,
&c., &c.

and Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods of all kinds.

We also have a fine assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
WILLOW-WARE,
&c., &c., &c.,

together with everything usually found, in a well assorted store, all of which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Remember

OPPENHEIMER'S

New Cheap Store, St. Clairsville, Pa.
jul.27.—6m.

Fancy Stores.

MISS KATE DEAL & MRS. M. R. SCHAEFFER have just returned from the city with a fine assortment of fashionable

BONNETS,
HATS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
GLOVES,

ladies' and gents' hose, ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs and collars, fancy neck-ties, ruffling, dress buttons and trimming, machine silk and cotton, hair brushes, tooth brushes, clothes brushes, soaps, perfumery, enamel, skirt braid, embroidering braid, ladies' corsets and hoops, balmoral skirts, lace veils, tissue for veils, cloths for sacks, dress goods, poplins, lawns, ginghams, &c., &c.

Mantua-making and all kinds of Milliner work done in the *cheapest and best* manner.
may 11'66.

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

BRITTANIA AND JAPANNED WARE, all kinds, at
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE

Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—The undsigned Executors, of the last Will and Testament of Nathan Carson, late of Napier township, Bedford county, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, on Saturday, September 22d, 1866, all the following described property, to wit: A tract of land situate in Napier township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of George Stuckey, George W. Gump, T. P. Studebaker and others, containing one hundred and sixty-three acres and forty seven perches and the usual allowance, about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, eight acres of which are good meadow, with a two story Log House, Bank Barn, and other buildings thereon—a never failing spring of good water near the house, and a fountain pump in the barn yard, also an orchard of apple, peach and cherry trees thereon.

Terms, one third of the purchase money in hand, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day. JOHN W. HOOVER,
aug.31-3t. Executor of Nathan Carson, dec'd

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—200 acres, situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, on the Juniata river and Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road. Well improved, fine meadows, fruit and timber—a very desirable property, at the head of market—the property of Capt. Joseph S. Reed. Will be sold cheap—For price, &c., apply to JOHN P. REED,
aug.24-tf. Att'y, at Bedford.

FARM FOR SALE.—200 acres, one-half under cultivation, well improved. Fruit and Timber abundant. Situate in Napier township. For particulars, price, &c., apply to JHON P. REED, Ag't.
aug.27-6t. Bedford, Pa

VALUABLE FARM AND MILL PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his farm and mill property, situate in Union township, Bedford county, Pa., near the town of Marietta, containing about 200 ACRES, about 150 acres of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance is well timbered. There are TWO ORCHARDS of choice fruit trees on this property. The improvements are a GRIST MILL in good running order, SAW MILL, FOUR DWELLING HOUSES, a frame BANK BARN and other outbuildings.

Terms of sale will be made reasonable. Any person desiring to purchase can see the property by calling on the subscriber, on the premises.
aug.3.-3m. ADOLPHUS AKE.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale the following valuable bodies of land:

THREE CHOICE TRACTS OF LAND, containing 160 acres each, situated on the Illinois Central Railroad, in

Clothing, etc.

HOME AGAIN!!!!!

BY THE BARD OF LIPPEL'S HALL.

Home again! Home again!
From a foreign shore;
And now I'll get some handsome clothes
From LIPPEL'S Clothing Store.

For I have roamed the world around,
But none like their's can find;
To such as I could get abroad,
I had to be resigned.

But oh, it caused my heart to ache,
My countenance to fall,
To buy such clothes from others,
When I thought of LIPPEL'S Hall.

Oh, you are highly favored,
Who live on Juniata shore,
For you can always get your clothes
At LIPPEL'S Clothing Store.

And all who have to travel,
Will these my words recall;
For none make clothes as good and cheap
As those at LIPPEL'S Hall.

Where you can always find the largest stock of MEN and BOY'S CLOTHING, together with PIECE GOODS for Custom order. Also a lot of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
jun15.'66.

This is a special invitation to the reader, to call at the
BEDFORD CLOTHING
EMPORIUM,
and examine our stock of
Ready-made
Clothing,
Hats and
Caps,
Piece Goods,
Prices to suit the buyers.
BERKSTRESSER & SMITH.
apr.27.'66.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also calicoes, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash.* My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all* to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.
may25.'66.

Hotels.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.
☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.
JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.
Jan. 15, '64

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the traveling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.
Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.
All are invited to give him a call.
ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.
April 15, '64.

MORRISON HOUSE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public.—The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
may25,'66.-tf.

UNION HOTEL,
WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA:
V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.
This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms.
May 9,'62.

WEAVER HOTEL, *St. Clairsville, Pa.*—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has leased the hotel lately kept by Mr. S. Crissman, St Clairsville, Pa., where he will accommodate all who may favor him with their custom.
jun8.-3m. HENRY WEAVER.

JACKSON HOTEL,
Railroad Street,
HUNTINGDON, Pa.
C. SNELL.
apr.13.'66. Proprietor.

MANHOOD; HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.—*Just published, a new edition of* DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., also Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits induced by self-Indulgence or Sexual extravagance.
The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.
Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelop, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box 4586.
Feb 16, '66—1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately, as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection J. B. WILLIAMS,
S. D. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over six months.
J. B. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '66

PUMPS!!!
I am engaged in selling the
ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump
well adapted to this
climate
Persons in need of a
GOOD PUMP,
will do well to give me a call.
☞Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.
ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg
Aug. 1, '65—1y

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED ALL PERSONS
To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods;
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

Medical.

$100 REWARD!
I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y. Lancaster, Pa.

$100 REWARD!
I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!
I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophthalmia, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venerial diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.
BENJAMIN MISHLER,
E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.
may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS
WILL
CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

1st. Scrofula.—This disease is hereditary and is transmitted from generation to generation. It is caused by a transgression of the laws of nature, both moral and physical; in other words, it is caused by *vice*. Acting as a latent poison, it reduces the vitality of the blood, and weakens the depurating organs, so that they fail to discharge or cast out the impurities that are continually generating in the system. A person physically pure acquires gonorhœa, or some other secret disease; he undergoes a course of mercury, the disease is dried up, and the patient pronounced well. Vain delusion. The complaint is not cured, it is channel is only diverted. Instead of making its appearance outwardly, it acts on the internal organs, and scrofula, which is bequeathed from father to son, is the result. Many persons who are perfectly free from all immorality and vice are afflicted with scrofula. They are suffering for the sins of their fathers and laboring under the curse inscribed inscribed in the Book of Books. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."
To cure this dreadful complaint it is necessary that the blood should be thoroughly purified, all the organs of the body brought into a healthy state of action, and the system braced up and strengthened by invigorating tonics. Look at the articles used in compounding Mishler's Bitters; see the array of purifying and invigorating medicaments, and say whether there is an article in the whole list of medicines that equals it. We here emphatically assert, without fear of contradiction, that
Mishler's Bitters will Cure all kinds of Scrofulous Diseases.
It purifies the blood it strengthens the internal organs and aids them to perform their natural functions. It is a stimulant and a tonic and it will cure Scrofula.
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